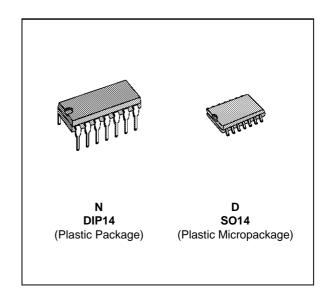


TL064 TL064A - TL064B

LOW POWER QUAD J-FET OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

- VERY LOW POWER CONSUMPTION
- WIDE COMMON-MODE (UP TO VCC+) AND **DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE RANGES**
- LOW INPUT BIAS AND OFFSET CURRENTS
- TYPICAL SUPPLY CURRENT: 200µA
- OUTPUT SHORT-CIRCUIT PROTECTION
- HIGH INPUT IMPEDANCE J-FET INPUT **STAGE**
- INTERNAL FREQUENCY COMPENSATION
- LATCH UP FREE OPERATION
- HIGH SLEW RATE: 3.5V/µs (TYP)



DESCRIPTION

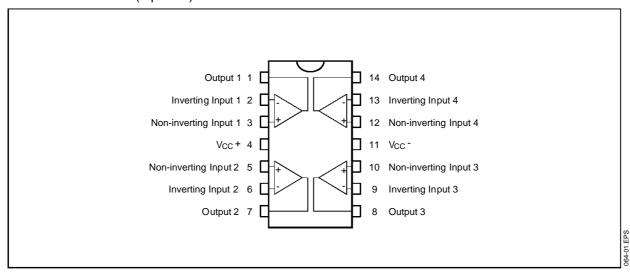
The TL064, TL064A and TL064B are high speed J-FET input quad operational amplifiers. Each of these J-FET input operational amplifiers incorporates well matched, high voltage J-FET and bipolar transistors in a monolithic integrated circuit.

The device features high slew rate, low input bias and offset currents, and low offset voltage temperature coefficient.

ORDER CODES

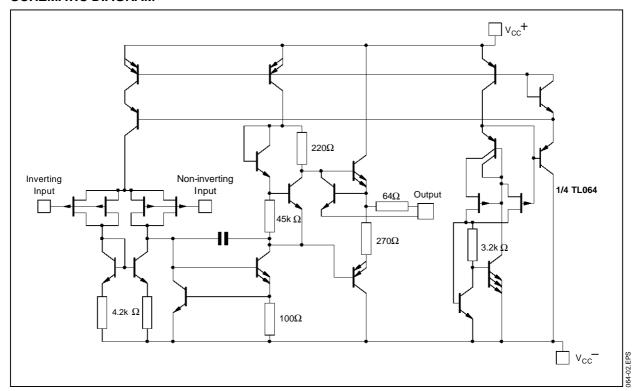
Part Number	Temperature Range	Package		
i ait ivallibei	Temperature Name	N D		
TL064M/AM/BM	-55°C, +125°C	•	•	
TL064I/AI/BI	-40°C, +105°C	•	•	
TL064C/AC/BC	0°C, +70°C	•	•	1
Example: TL064	IN			064-0

PIN CONNECTIONS (top view)



April 1995 1/10

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	TL064M,AM,BM	TL064I,AI,BI	TL064C,AC,BC	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage - (note 1)	±18	±18	±18	V
Vi	Input Voltage - (note 3)	±15	±15	±15	V
V_{id}	Differential Input Voltage - (note 2)	±30	±30	±30	V
P _{tot}	Power Dissipation	680	680	680	mW
	Output Short-Circuit Duration (Note 4)	Infinite	Infinite	Infinite	
T _{oper}	Operating Free-Air Temperature Range	-55 to +125	-40 to +105	0 to +70	°C
T_{stg}	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150	-65 to +150	-65 to +150	°C

Notes: 1. All voltage values, except differential voltage, are with respect to the zero reference level (ground) of the supply voltages where the zero reference level is the midpoint between Vcc⁺ and Vcc.

- 2. Differential voltages are the non-inverting input terminal with respect to the inverting input terminal.
- 3. The magnitude of the input voltage must never exceed the magnitude of the supply voltage or 15 volts, whichever is less.
- 4. The output may be shorted to ground or to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the dissipation rating is not exceeded.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{CC} = \pm 15V$, $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Doromotor	1	ΓL064N	1	-	TL064I		TL064C			Unit	
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
V _{io}	Input Offset Voltage ($R_s = 50\Omega$) $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min.} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max.}$		3	6 15		3	6 9		3	15 20	mV	
DV _{io}	Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage ($R_s = 50\Omega$)		10			10			10		μV/°C	
I _{io}	Input Offset Current * $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min.} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max.}$		5	100 20		5	100 10		5	200 5	pA nA	
l _{ib}	Input Bias Current * $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min.} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}.$		30	200 50		30	200 20		30	400 10	pA nA	
V _{icm}	Input Common Mode Voltage Range	±11.5	+15 -12		±11.5	+15 -12		±11	+15 -12		V	
V _{OPP}	Output Voltage Swing (R _L = $10k\Omega$) $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min.} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$.	20 20	27		20 20	27		20 20	27		V	
A _{vd}	Large Signal Voltage Gain ($R_L = 10k\Omega$, $V_o = \pm 10V$) $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min.} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}.$	4 4	6		4 4	6		3 3	6		V/mV	
GBP	Gain Bandwidth Product $(T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C, R_{L} = 10k\Omega$ $C_{L} = 100pF)$		1			1			1		MHz	
Ri	Input Resistance		10 ¹²			10 ¹²			10 ¹²		Ω	
CMR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio $(R_s = 50\Omega)$	80	86		80	86		70	76		dB	
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio $(R_s = 50\Omega)$	80	95		80	95		70	95		dB	
I _{cc}	Supply Current (Per Amplifier) (T _{amb} = 25°C, no load, no signal)		200	250		200	250		200	250	μΑ	
V _{O1} /V _{O2}	Channel Separation (A _V = 100, T _{amb} = 25°C)		120			120			120		dB	
P _D	Total Power Consumption (T _{amb} = 25°C, no load, no signal)		6	7.5		6	7.5		6	7.5	mW	

^{*} The input bias currents of a FET-input operational amplifier are normal junction reverse currents, which are temperature sensitive. Pulse techniques must be used that will maintain the junction temperature as close to the ambient temperature as possible.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $V_{CC} = \pm 15V$, $T_{amb} = 25$ °C

Symbol	Parameter	Т	L064C,I,I	И	Unit	
Symbol	i arameter	Min. Typ. Max.		Oille		
SR	Slew Rate (V_i = 10V, R_L = 10k Ω , C_L = 100pF, A_V = 1)	1.5	3.5		V/μs	
t _r	Rise Time (V_i = 20mV, R_L = 10k Ω , C_L = 100pF, A_V = 1) (see Figure 1)		0.2		μs	
K _{OV}	Overshoot Factor (V _i = 20mV, R _L = 10k Ω , C _L = 100pF, A _V = 1) (see figure 1)		10		%	
en	Equivalent Input Noise Voltage $(R_s = 100\Omega, f = 1KHz)$		42		$\frac{\text{nV}}{\sqrt{\text{Hz}}}$	064-04.TBI

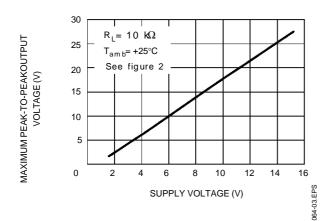
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $V_{CC} = \pm 15V$, $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ (unless otherwise specified)

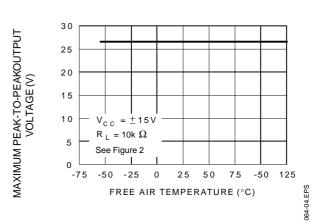
Symbol	Parameter	TL06	4AC,A	I,AM	TL06	4BC,B	I,BM	Unit
Syllibol	Faranietei	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Oilit
V_{io}	Input Offset Voltage ($R_s = 50\Omega$) $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min.} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max.}$		3	6 7.5		2	3 5	mV
DVio	Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage $(R_s = 50\Omega)$		10			10		μV/°C
l _{io}	Input Offset Current * $T_{amb} = 25^{o}C$ $T_{min.} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max.}$		5	100 3		5	100 3	pA nA
l _{ib}	Input Bias Current * $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min.} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max.}$		30	200 7		30	200 7	pA nA
V _{icm}	Input Common Mode Voltage Range	±11.5	+15 -12		±11.5	+15 -12		V
V _{OPP}	Output Voltage Swing ($R_L = 10k\Omega$) $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$.	20 20	27		20 20	27		V
A _{vd}	Large Signal Voltage Gain ($R_L = 10k\Omega$, $V_0 = \pm 10V$) $T_{amb} = 25^{o}C$ $T_{min.} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max.}$	4 4	6		4 4	6		V/mV
GBP	Gain Bandwidth Product $(T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C, R_L = 10k\Omega, C_L = 100pF)$		1			1		MHz
Ri	Input Resistance		10 ¹²			10 ¹²		Ω
CMR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio ($R_s = 50\Omega$)	80	86		80	86		dB
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio ($R_s = 50\Omega$)	80	95		80	95		dB
I _{cc}	Supply Current (Per Amplifier) (T _{amb} = 25°C, no load, no signal)		200	250		200	250	μΑ
V _{O1} /V _{O2}	Channel Separation $(A_v = 100, T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C)$		120			120		dB
P _D	Total Power Consumption (Each Amplifier) (T _{amb} = 25°C, no load, no signal)		6	7.5		6	7.5	mW
SR	Slew Rate ($V_i = 10V$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$, $A_V = 1$)	1.5	3.5		1.5	3.5		V/µs
t _r	Rise Time (V_i = 20mV, R_L = 10k Ω , C_L = 100pF, A_V = 1)		0.2			0.2		μs
Kov	Overshoot Factor (V_i = 20mV, R_L = 10k Ω , C_L = 100pF, A_V = 1) - (see figure 1)		10			10		%
en	Equivalent Input Noise Voltage $(R_s = 100\Omega, f = 1 \text{KHz})$		42			42		$\frac{\text{nV}}{\sqrt{\text{Hz}}}$

^{*} The input bias currents of a FET-input operational amplifier are normal junction reverse currents, which are temperature sensitive. Pulse techniques must be used that will maintain the junction temperature as close to the ambient temperature as possible.

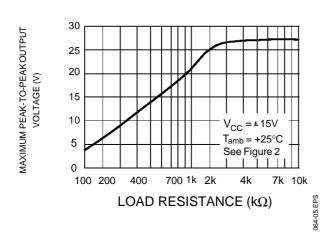
MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS SUPPLY VOLTAGE



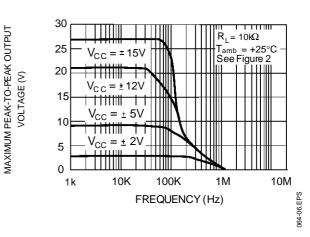
MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS FREE AIR TEMP.



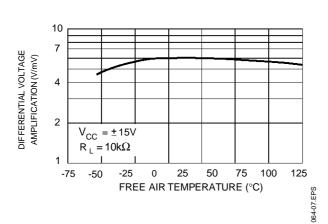
MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS LOAD RESISTANCE



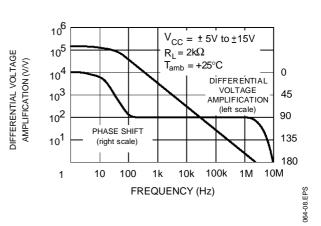
MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS FREQUENCY



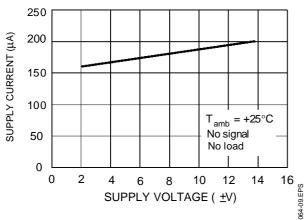
DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION VERSUS FREE AIR TEMPERATURE



LARGE SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE SHIFT VERSUS FREQUENCY

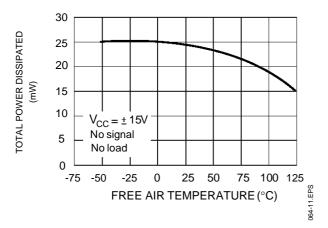


SUPPLY CURRENT PER AMPLIFIER VERSUS SUPPLY VOLTAGE

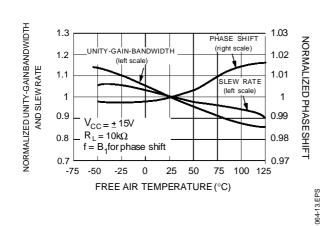


TOTAL POWER DISSIPATED VERSUS

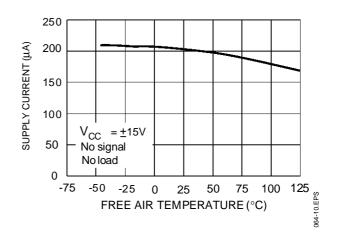
FREE AIR TEMPERATURE



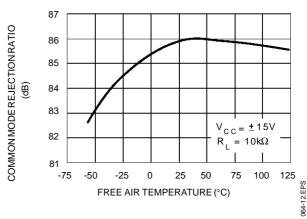
NORMALIZED UNITY GAIN BANDWIDTH **SLEW RATE, AND PHASE SHIFT VERSUS TEMPERATURE**



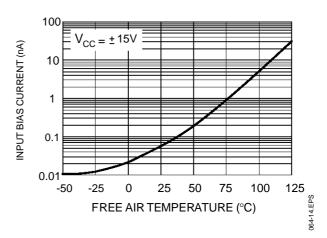
SUPPLY CURRENT PER AMPLIFIER VERSUS FREE AIR TEMPERATURE



COMMON MODE REJECTION RATIO VERSUS FREE AIR TEMPERATURE



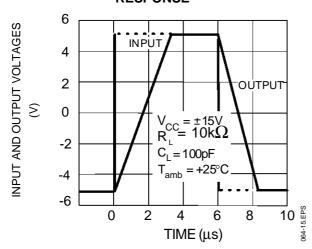
INPUT BIAS CURRENT VERSUS FREE AIR **TEMPERATURE**

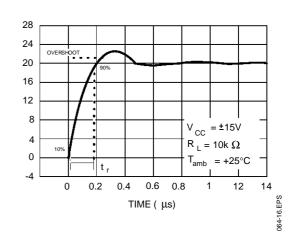


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VOLTAGE FOLLOWER LARGE SIGNAL RESPONSE

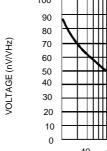
OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS ELAPSED TIME



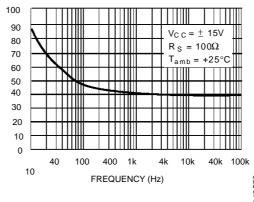


EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE VERSUS FREQUENCY

OUTPUT VOLTAGE (mV)



EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE



PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

Figure 1: Voltage follower

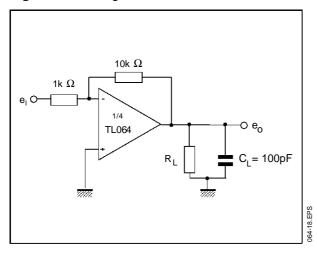
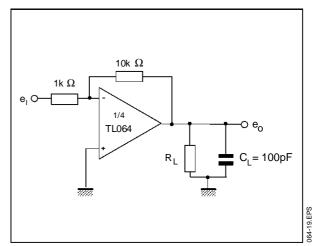
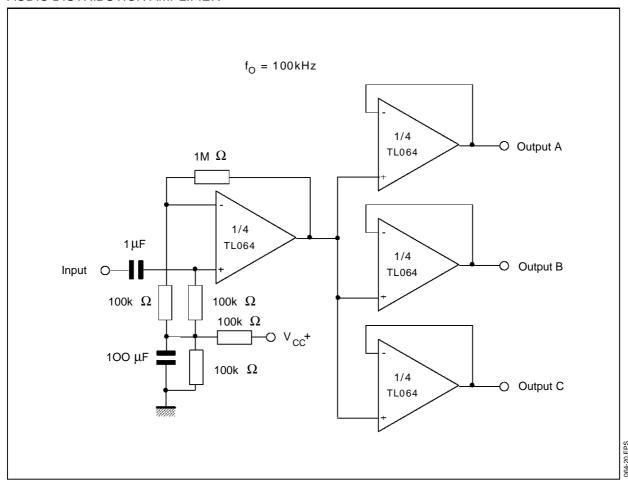


Figure 2: Gain-of-10 inverting amplifier



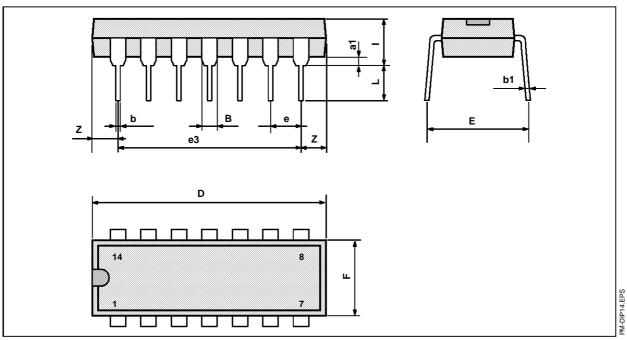
TYPICAL APPLICATION

AUDIO DISTRIBUTION AMPLIFIER



PACKAGE MECHANICAL

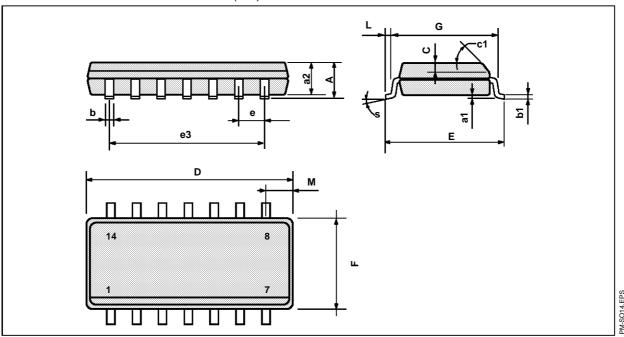
14 PINS - PLASTIC DIP OR CERDIP



Dimensions	Millimeters				Inches	
Dillielisiolis	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
a1	0.51			0.020		
В	1.39		1.65	0.055		0.065
b		0.5			0.020	
b1		0.25			0.010	
D			20			0.787
Е		8.5			0.335	
е		2.54			0.100	
e3		15.24			0.600	
F			7.1			0.280
i			5.1			0.201
L		3.3			0.130	
Z	1.27		2.54	0.050		0.100

PACKAGE MECHANICAL

14 PINS - PLASTIC MICROPACKAGE (SO)



Dimensions		Millimeters			Inches	
Difficusions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
А			1.75			0.069
a1	0.1		0.2	0.004		0.008
a2			1.6			0.063
b	0.35		0.46	0.014		0.018
b1	0.19		0.25	0.007		0.010
С		0.5			0.020	
c1			45°	(typ.)		
D	8.55		8.75	0.336		0.334
E	5.8		6.2	0.228		0.244
е		1.27			0.050	
e3		7.62			0.300	
F	3.8		4.0	0.150		0.157
G	4.6		5.3	0.181		0.208
L	0.5		1.27	0.020		0.050
М			0.68			0.027
S			8° (ı	max.)		

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